



Searching in Amlib Training Guide

Version 5.4

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Contents

Search Basics	5
Keyword Search	5
Browse Search	5
Netopacs	5
Searching for StockItems	6
Search Size	8
Search using Date Received Field	9
Main > StockItems > StockitemKeyword	10
How to find the Keyword codes defined?	15
How are these applied to the Catalogue module?	15
WHERE SEARCHES	17
Saving Stockitem Where Searches	19
SEARCHING FOR CATALOGUE ITEMS	20
Cross Query	21
XReference Facilities	27
See Also (BT Broader Term, NT Narrower Term, RT Related Term)	28
Symbols for Preferred (Allowed) Terms	31
See (Use)	32
Symbols for Non-Preferred (Non-Allowed) Terms	33
Seen By (Use For)	35
See and See Also References Across MARC Tags	36
Create your New Authority Enquiry Option	38
Search Using the New Query Option	41
Z39.50 Searching	43
To use Z39.50 Searching	43
Adding New z39.50 Servers	45
NETOPACS	47
Library Controlled Settings	50
Form Descriptions	50
Opac Display Tags	51
Opac Enquiry Options	52
History Of Successful & Unsucessful Searches	53
Expanded Searching	56

	Plurals/Fuzzy matches	56
	Punctuation	57
	Boolean Searching	57
	Advanced Searching	57
	Boolean Searching	57
	Search Terms	58
	Getting More Details - Netopacs	59
	Stoplists - Leading Articles and Ignoring Common Terms	59
	Refining searches	60
Αl	PPENDIX 1 : Amlib Configuration Settings (Amlib.ini settings in the Netopacs folder)	60
	Authorities	60
	Bookings	61
	Book Reviews	61
	Borrower Screen (My Details)	61
	Content Enrichment	62
	Item List	63
	Join Online	64
	Marc List	64
	PDFs	64
	Periodicals/Magazine Search	64
	Reservations	65
	Renewals	66
	Searches	67
	Technical and/or Default Settings	67

Search Basics

Keyword Search

Looks for words **anywhere** in the record.

- These Keywords are usually applied to a particular search for example. Title Keyword Search to find any word in a Title. For example searching for a Title of Factory will find:
 - The Potato Factory
 - Charlie and the Chocolate Factory
 - o A Factory of cunning
- A Keyword search across any Search (for example, Title, Notes, Subject, Author, Series) may retrieve a large number of results but may be useful for more unusual terms or for a combination of terms
- There are usually some "Stop words" that are not searched
- Keywords are applied to Catalogues because they are tied to an Authority Keyword code. For
 example Subjects are usually searched because of the "S" Keyword code applied to Subject
 Headings (any 6xx tag). Therefore any item that does NOT have a catalogue cannot be
 searched via a Keyword search....!

Browse Search

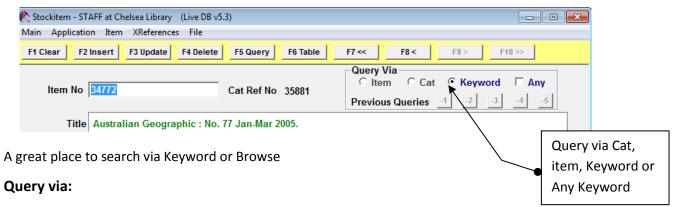
Looks for words only at the beginning of the record

- There are often Filing rules that apply as part of the record (for example, ignore A, An, The at the beginning of the record). This is embedded in the Catalogue record by the indicators
- These Browse or exact search find only terms at the start of the record for example. A Title Browse Search to find a term at the beginning of a Title. For example searching for a Title of Factory will **ONLY** find Titles with the term Factory at the beginning:
 - o A Factory of cunning
 - The Factories of the future
 - Factory life
- Useful when wanting to to find an exact title For example, typing Potato Factory in a Browse search will only find those Titles beginning with those terms and not anywhere in the title....Usually the results are more exact
- Problems may occur if the person searching is not sure of exactly they are after...

Netopacs

Can be designed to include Keyword or Browse searching or a combination of both. This is dependent on how it was setup and compiled. The resulting configuration file contains the Keyword codes used for Keyword searching or the Marc Tags that is used for the Browse search. The file is in the same folder as the designed pages – for example ReserveOn.ini found with the MainMenu.htm etc.

Searching for StockItems



- 1. Item Browse search for data displayed within the Stockitem record
- 2. Cat Browse search for data displayed within the Catalogue record
- Keyword Searches any keyword using the line the Search Term was entered (the six lines available within Stockitem are usually Title, Author, Subject, Series, Publisher or Call No).
 Typing in the Subject line will search only Subject keywords.
- 4. <u>Any</u> Searches for any keyword for example: Even if the Search Term was entered in the Title line, the keyword will be searched across ALL Keyword codes in Title, Author, Notes, Subject etc.
- 5. <u>Previous Queries</u> The last 5 searches are kept in case they need to be re-performed. Use the -1 to -5 buttons to select a previous search

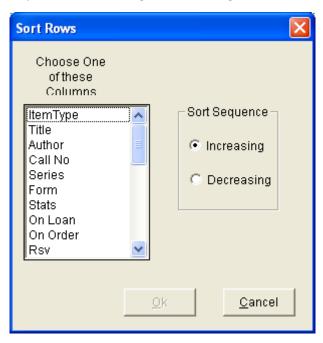
Once the Stockitem Table is displayed, it is possible to



- 1. Go to the **Table Menu** to choose various options. Highlight the items to
 - Add to Reserve List
 - Change Date Due
 - Mass Item deletion
 - Mass Memo Items
 - Mass Memo delete
 - Mass Item Change (only for saved Files)
 - Reserve Shuffle
 - Print

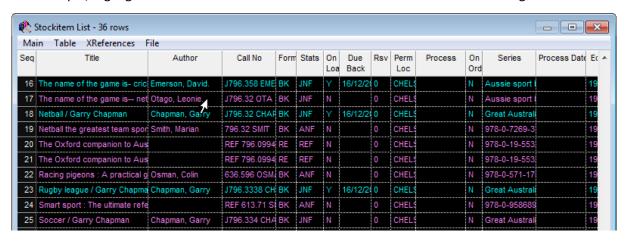
- Report
- Sequence (no need to highlight)

A Sort Rows window will display where a Column can be chosen as well as the Sort Sequence of Increasing or Decreasing



- 2. Highlight certain Stockitems and XReference to
 - Authorities
 - Borrowers
 - Catalogue

For example, highlight the Stockitems and use the XReference Menu to link to Catalogue.



The Table will then display in Catalogue.



To view a particular **Catalogue**, double click the line. The main catalogue window will return with the selected Catalogue record displayed. Click on the **Arrow keys** to scroll through the listing.

- Order stockitems
- Periodical copies
- Stockitem
 - other items on loan to Borrower
 - Items with the same Catalogue no

3. Save records to File

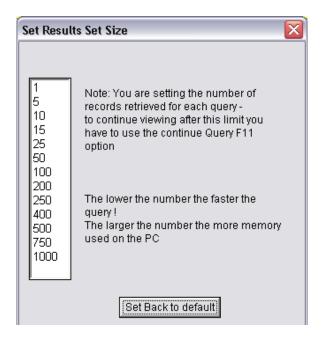
- Save All
- Save Marked
- Save Not Marked
- Remove All from File
- Remove Marked from File
- Remove Not Marked From File
- Remove Marked from Any File

Search Size

The default for Search sizes is set via the Supervisor, Installation, System parameters for specific

It is possible to change the number of records found to be different from the Default (in Stockitem it is possible to set the Search size from the Item Menu. The number selected will be the default for Query until the application is logged off or the Set Back to Default button is selected.

To view the next set the Continue Query option **[F11]** can be chosen. (**Note**: The Continue Query option can only become active if the parameter set in Supervisor, Library Menu, Installation, System, "Read Only Cache" option is set to N).



The size of the set is a determining factor in the speed of query results. The lower the number the faster the query!

The current Query size is displayed in the bottom right hand corner of the Stockitem Details screen in the ?Size field.

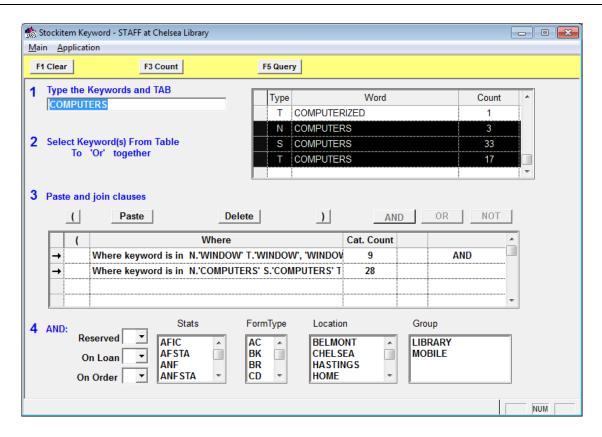
Search using Date Received Field

- 1. Access the Stockitem window using Ctrl S or from Main > Stockitems > Stockitem
- 2. Enter a date into the Received Field to query:
 - Date Less than the date entered
 - Date Equal to the date entered
 - > Date **More** than the date entered

It is possible to combine other fields with the Date received query – for example, combine Location, Form or Stats code with Date received. It is possible to also use a Search for a term – for example, find all the Science Subject resources for items received before 01/01/2000.

For date ranges it is necessary to use a Where search (see Where Search chapter). Stockitem Keyword Search

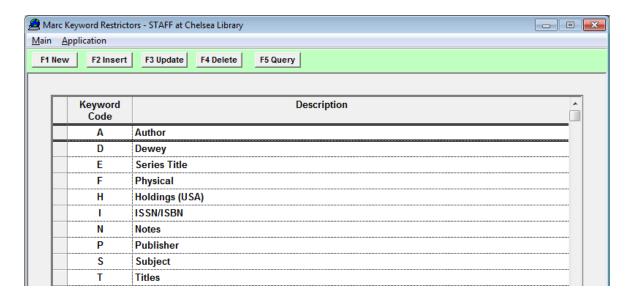




The Keyword is entered in box 1 and the **Tab** key is pressed. Once the **Tab** key is pressed, the results will display in the box on the right. The Keyword code (Type) is also shown.

These codes are set up in:

- 3. Main > Authorities > Authorities > select Application > KeywordDesc
- 4. The Codes are usually self-explanatory for example: **T = Title**, **A =Author** and **S = Subject**



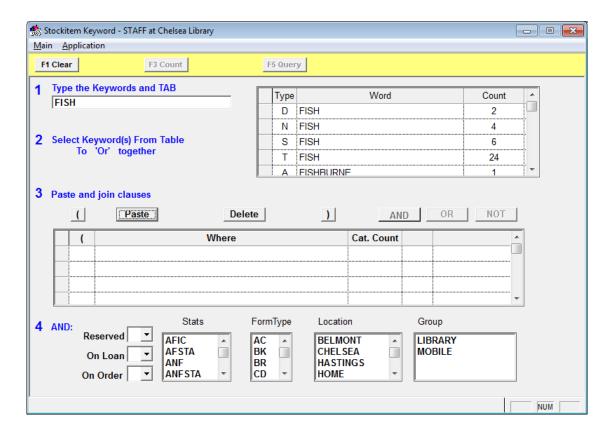
5. Searches can be narrowed depending whether they are/are not:

Reserved	Y/N
On Loan	
On Order	
Stats Codes	Highlight the required code/s for the
Location	search. To deselect code/s, click the highlighted code/s
Form Type	

- 6. Boolean operands of AND, OR and NOT are available in the query.
- 7. The Stockitem results can be displayed as a count using the **F3 Count** button or displayed a results list using the **F5 Query** button

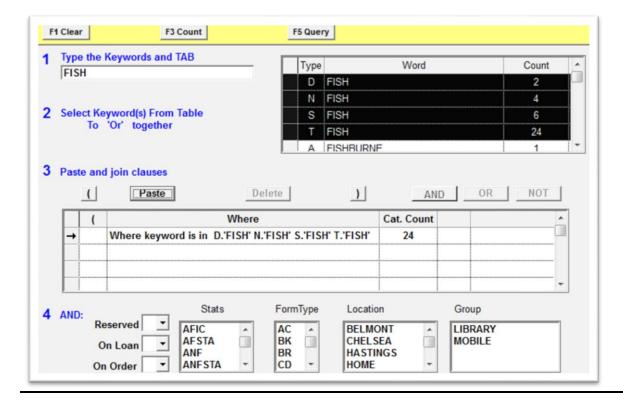
Create a Search

- 1. From the *Stockitem* menu, select **Application** > **StockKeyword** the <u>Stockitem Keyword</u> screen will display
- 2. Enter the keyword in box **1** and press the **<Tab>** key the adjacent keyword table fills with a count of the number of keywords found as a result of the search:

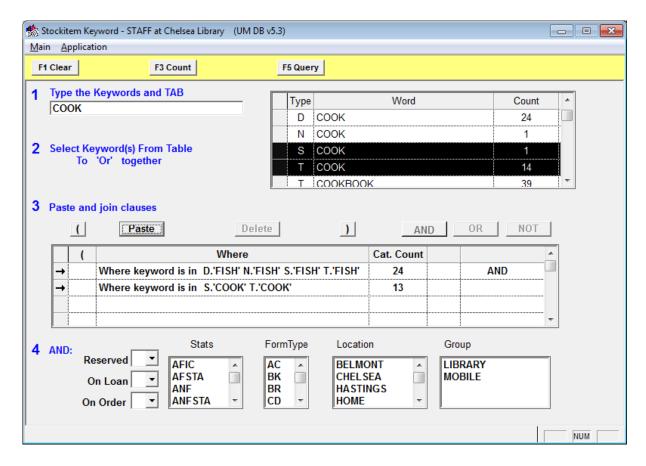


Please Note: The keyword entered in box **1** may be typed in already containing the keyword identifier Type – for example: **T.ANIMALS** that indicates to search only **Animals** in the *Title*.

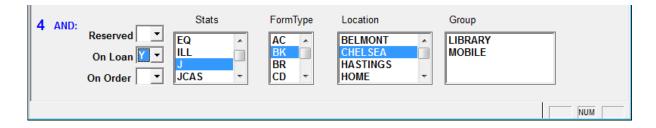
- Highlight the entries to query from the table for example, a search for Fish yielded four
 <u>Types</u> found for the <u>Word Animals</u> (Dewey, Title, Subject, Notes) plus numerous other
 entries
- 4. To select only the Title result, highlight the line beginning with the Type of T.



- 5. Click the **Paste** Button the highlighted selections will drop down into box 3:
- 6. When highlighting more than one entry from the Keyword table and selecting Paste, an OR search is defined between Keyword codes for example: N.Fish (Notes Fish) or S.Fish (Subject Fish) or T.Fish (Title Fish). A count of the total catalogues found for the OR search will list in the <u>Cat. Count</u> column. If an AND search is required, the Keywords can be chosen separately from the Table and the AND operand is automatically selected.
- 7. Steps 2-5 can be repeated for other Terms as required
- 8. The Boolean operand can be manipulated independently by highlight the line from the resultant table and selecting the relevant **AND**, **OR** or **NOT** buttons



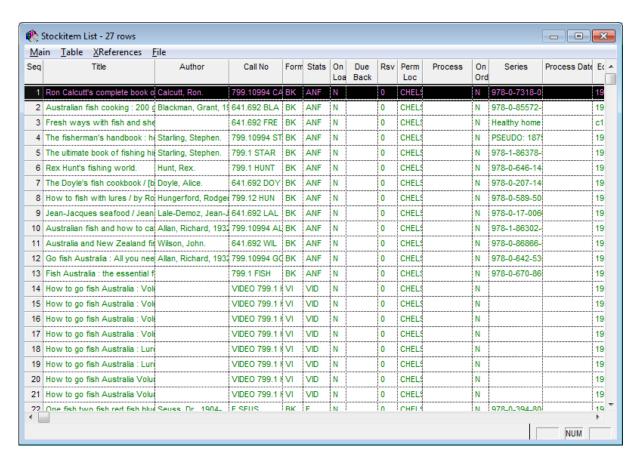
9. Further refine the search by indicating whether the items are <u>Reserved</u>, <u>On Loan</u>, <u>On Order</u>, specify a particular <u>Stats</u> code(s), <u>Form Type(s) Location</u> or <u>Group</u>



10. Selecting the **F3 Count** button results in the number of Stockitems for the Query:

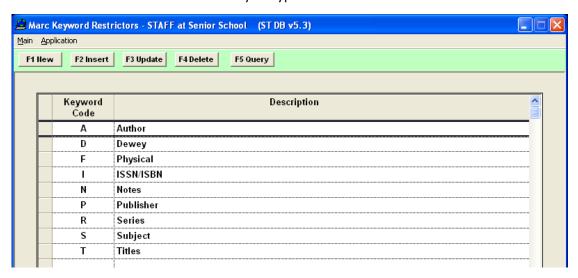


11. Selecting the **F5 Query** button results in a display of Stockitems that meet the Search criteria: Query results display in the <u>Stockitem List</u> table and are subject to normal rules set on that screen – for example: ReadOnly, Set size, etc.



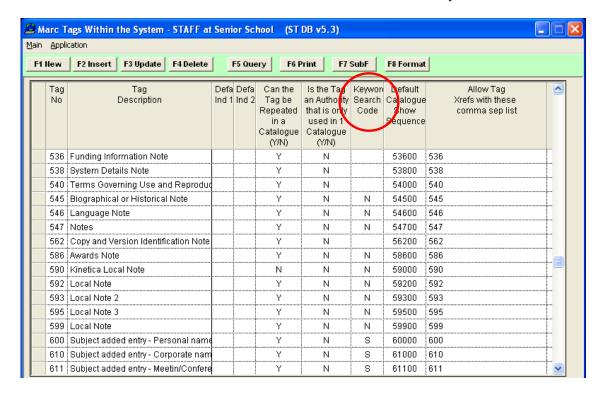
How to find the Keyword codes defined?

- 1. Access the Authority Module
- 2. Go to the Application Menu. Select **KeywordDesc**
- 3. The Keyword codes and descriptions will display
- 4. The **Keyword** prefixes (for example: A for Author) are may be different according to your defaults at installation. Prefixes may be typed in UPPER or lower case.

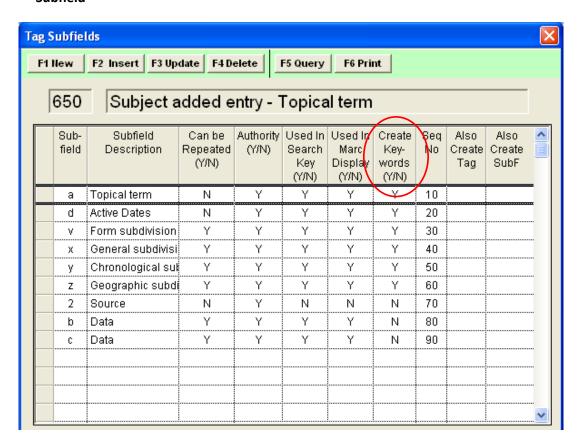


How are these applied to the Catalogue module?

- 1. Access the Authority Module
- 2. Go to the Application Menu. Select Marc Tags
- 3. Check which Keyword codes are used within the Keyword column
- 4. Note the "N" code used for Notes and the "S" code used for Subject



To check whether the Subfields are searched for Keywords, highlight the Tag and select F7Subfield



WHERE SEARCHES

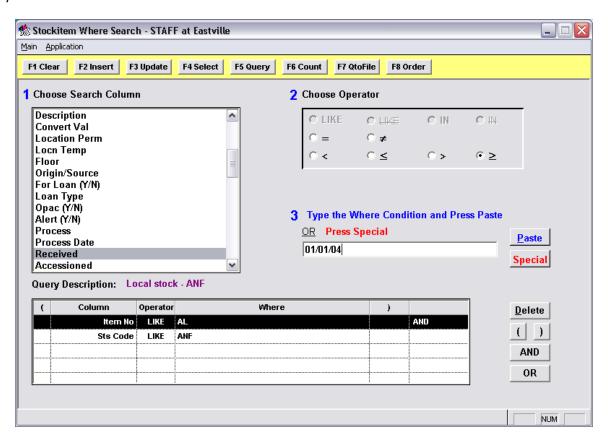
Where Searches create dynamic SQL (the language used to access the database) based upon your input. SQL stands for Structured Query Language.

Where searches are available in **Stockitems** and **Borrower** Modules, and user defined criteria are applied to determine specific results.

The search results can be:

- Counts
- Queries
- Queried to a File (save the query to a file)

Where searches provide extra flexibility for searches compared to those already provided by the system



1. Choose Search Column

This box contains a list of column names as held on the Stockitem details record. Use the scroll bar to move up and down this list.

2. Choose Operator

LIKE	Beginning with
LIKE	Not beginning with

IN	Included in the following codes	
IN	Not included in the following codes	
=	Exactly equal to	
≠	Not equal to	
<	Less than	
<u> </u>	Less than or equal to	
>	Greater than	
2	Greater than or equal to	

3. Type the Where Condition and press Paste

Note: The SPECIAL Button can be used to assist in setting the Where conditions

This button contains useful fields that can be used for any mathematical operand (i.e. =, \neq , <, \leq , >, \geq). For example, **Current date**

4. Click.....

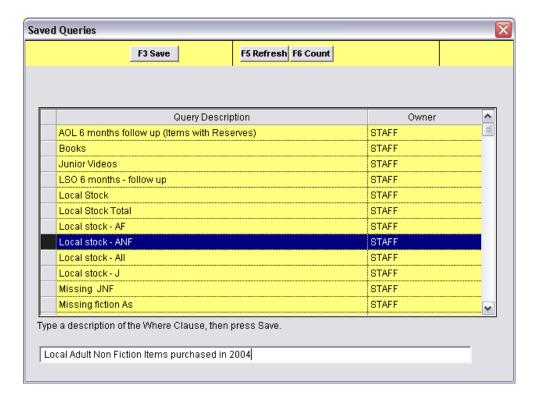
Paste	Adds the Where Condition to the Query box	
Delete	Deletes the Highlighted Where Condition from the Query box	
And	Includes the "and" separator to the multiple Where Conditions in the Query box. This is the default	
Or	Includes the "or" separator to the multiple Where Conditions in the Query box	
(Adds a beginning bracket to the Where Condition in the Query box	
)	Adds a closing bracket to the Where Condition in the Query box	

- 5. Once the Where conditions are complete, queries can be performed by selecting the appropriate button:
 - **F5 Query**: View the records contained in the Query
 - **F6 Count**: Displays the number of matching Stockitem records
 - **F7 Query to File**: Performs the query and save the results in a file. Either select a file or create a new file. The number of records inserted into the file will be displayed

Note: If the file already contains data the new records will be added to the file and existing data remains. It is possible to empty the contents of the file by selecting Empty [F2] before selecting the file

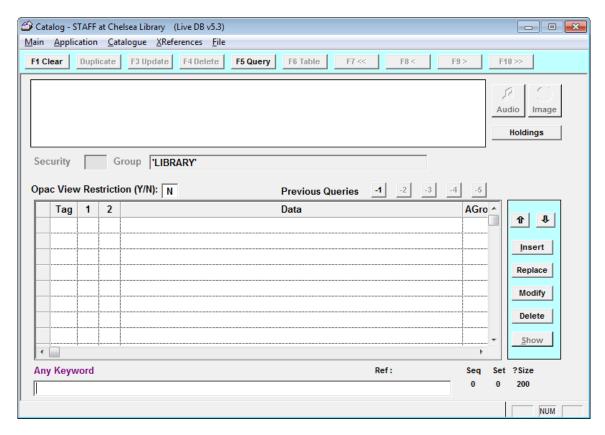
Saving Stockitem Where Searches

- 1. Access the Stockitem Where Search window from Stockitem>Application>StockWhereSearch
- 2. Enter the Where parameters on the Where Search Window
 - a. Choose the Search Column
 - b. Choose the Operator
 - c. Type the Where Condition and press Paste
- 3. Repeat as required
- 4. Once complete choose **F2 Insert**
- 5. The Saved Queries Window will display
- 6. Enter a **Description** at the bottom of the Window and select **F3 Save**
- 7. Once saved, Stockitem Where Searches can be accessed from the Stockitem>Item>Saved Where searches and within Stockitem>Application>Stockitem Wand Change (Hint: Useful during stocktake!).Borrower Where searches can be accessed from Borrower>Borrower Menu>Saved Where searches



SEARCHING FOR CATALOGUE ITEMS

Catalogues may be searched in a number of ways depending upon how parameters have been defined at your installation. You may also find Catalogue records via the **Authority** and **StockItem** module.



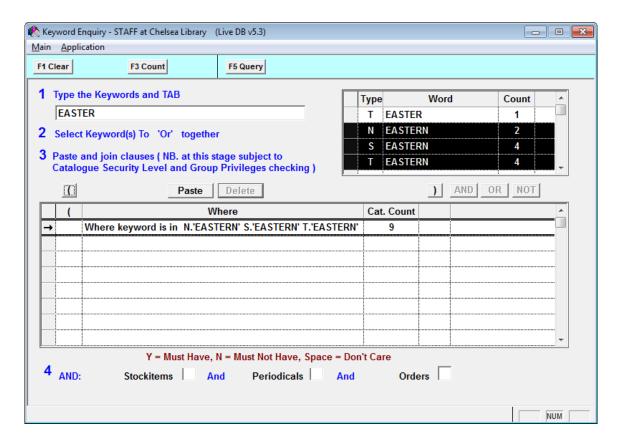
- 1. Type all or some of the Catalogue entry for example: Part of a Title, and select **F5Query**
- 2. Catalogue records can be searched via Browse or Keywords.
- 3. If an Enquiry option has previously not been chosen, a listing of options will display
- 4. To get back to the Enquiry options available select Enquiry Options from the Catalogue Menu

Note: It is possible to create your own **Browse** search options through Catalogue>Application>CatQueryOptions

CatKeyword Searches in Catalogue

Keyword search is available in **Catalogue**, **Application**, **CatKeyWord**. This search gives an indication of the number of results (Type) found in Subject (S), Title (T), Notes (N) for example.

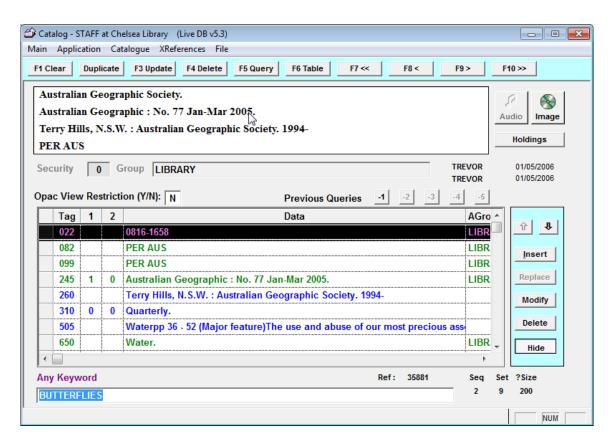
Multiple items can be selected from the Word box by holding down the Control key and clicking with the mouse.



- 1. Type the search term in Box 1
- 2. Press Tab
- 3. Select keywords
- 4. Press Paste
- 5. Optional select **Stockitems**, **Periodicals and/or Orders**

Cross Query

Once a catalogue is displayed in the Window (that is :Show its active) it is possible to highlight a tag (for example: a particular subject heading. For example Birds - Australia) and select **Cross Query**

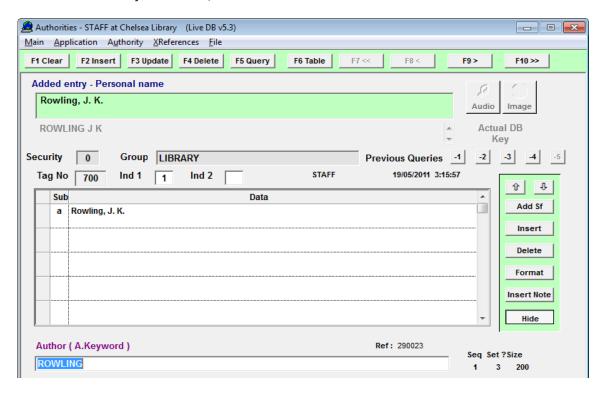


Any items with the particular subject heading are displayed as a table. It is a method of **Cross Referencing** to other Catalogue records from the Catalogue screen.

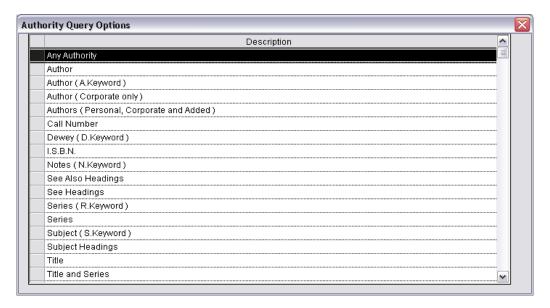
SEARCHING FOR AN AUTHORITY WITHIN THE AUTHORITIY MODULE

Type all or some of the Authority and select Query **[F5]**. You may also find Authority records via the Catalogue. When more than one record is found, the search results are shown as a table.

NOTE: It is useful to visually check Authority tags for duplicates by searching e.g. 100 tags as an Author **Browse** Search for A entries, B etc.

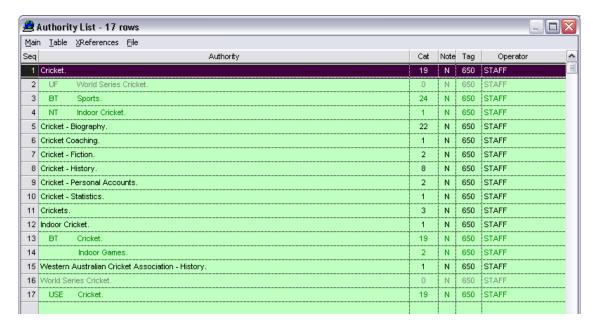


If an Enquiry option has previously not been chosen, a listing of options will display



- 1. To choose a new Authority search option, go to the Authority menu and choose Authority Enquiry
- 2. Wildcards can be used in searches for example: %CAT which will search anything that contains the term cat anywhere in the heading

3. When more than one record is found matching a query, results are shown as a table



- 4. The display can show all Authority or only those that are used in the Catalogue [See section on **Show Unused / Used Authorities** in the **Authorities** Training Manual]
- 5. To view a particular Authority, double click the line.
- 6. The main Authority window will return with the selected Authority displayed
- 7. **Authorities** can be searched for **'like'** or **'exact'** matches. For example: if the term "Sport and Politics" was being searched, typing in 'Sport and' should find the term. '= Sport' will not find the term because this search will find the exact **Authority** of Sport
- 8. When not using the equal sign anything like the term will be returned. You may add a wildcard '%' anywhere in the term. The system automatically adds one to the end of the term

ABCD	will return anything starting with ABCD	
=ABC	will only return ABC	
AB%D	will return anything starting with AB and containing a D	
ABC\ABD	will return anything starting with ABC or with ABD. The slash means OR and may be repeated	
=ABC\ABD	will return ABC plus anything starting with ABD	

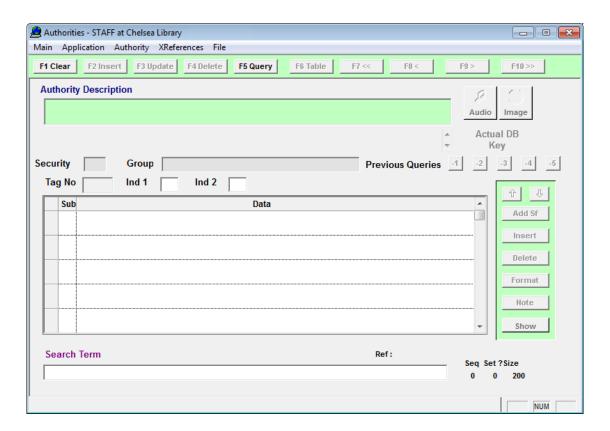
Note: Duplicates can be removed once you have performed your query with the **AuthorityReplace** option

This procedure can only be performed on Authorities that have the same Tag number

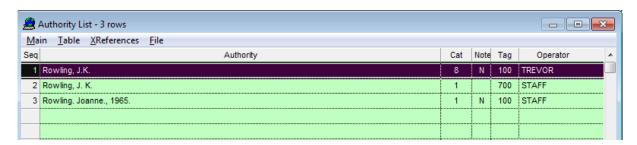
This procedure can *only* be performed on Authorities that have the same Tag number.

In the example, all occurrences of Rowling, J. K. will be changed to Rowling, Joanne K., 1965-.

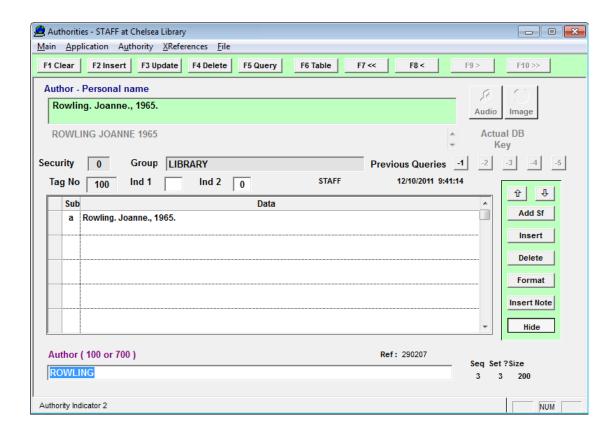
- 1. Launch the Amlib client
- 2. Go to Main > Authorities > Authorities the Authorities screen will display
- 3. Find the CORRECT term that is to be used as the *replacement* by typing some or all of the term and clicking the **F5 Query** button



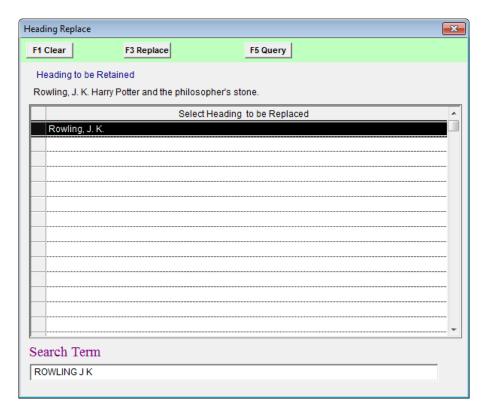
4. The results will display in the Authority List screen:



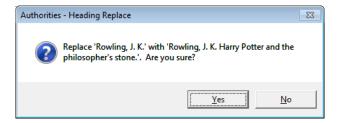
5. Double-click the CORRECT tag to select it – the CORRECT tag will display in the Authorities screen – in this example: **Rowling, Joanne K., 1965-**



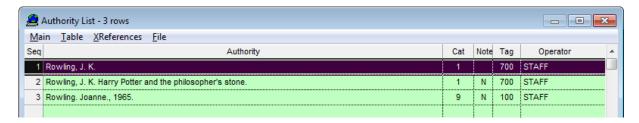
6. From the Authorities menu, select **Authority > AuthorityReplace** – the Heading Replace screen will display:



- 7. Find the INCORRECT term to alter to the correct term (for example: **Rowling, J. K.**) using the **F5 Query**
- 8. Highlight the heading to be replaced and click the **F3 Replace** button
- 9. A prompt will display with the following message: **Replace 'INCORRECT' with 'CORRECT'. Are you sure?**



10. Clicking the **Yes** button will alter all instances of '**Rowling, J. K.**' to be replaced with '**Rowling, Joanne K.**, **1965** -' (the term that is replaced will be deleted)



XReference Facilities

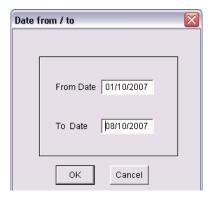
X References can be accessed from various applications to Authorities (for example, Authorities related to a certain Catalogue can be viewed from the Xreference menu in the Catalogue Application.

From the Authorities module, Catalogues and Stockitems associated with the Authority can be accessed from the X Reference menu

Authority Date Greater Less

From the **Authority** Menu, it is possible to set a Date search, using a From Date and a To Date. To see Authorities that have been changed,:

- 1. Select Authority > Authority Date Greater Less.
- 2. A Date from/to window will appear.
- 3. Change the dates or leave the dates which are set to show the last 7 days.
- 4. Click OK
- 5. A table of authorities will be displayed



See and See Also References

Including cross references can enhance results in searching and provide alternative access points within the catalogue records. These include:

- See Also references which direct users from an allowed terms to other related terms (allowed)
- **Use** references which direct the user from a non-allowed term to the authorised (allowed heading)

Libraries can get these XReferences into their database by:

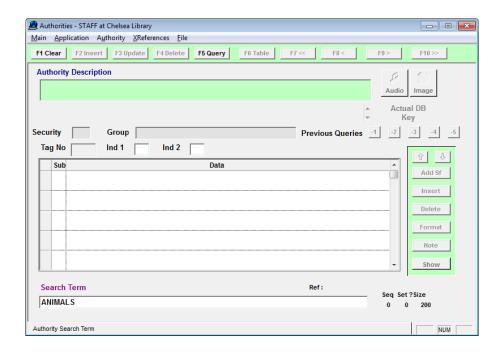
- Importing from an external source for example: SCIS, Libraries Australia Authority imports
- Importing from another library
- Manually entering headings as the need arises for example: checking new Subject Headings and adding See Also references if needed

See Also (BT Broader Term, NT Narrower Term, RT Related Term)

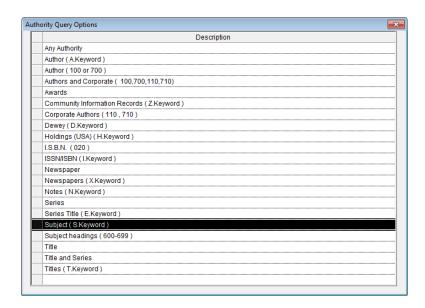
See Also's allow reference to other related headings (from preferred headings to other preferred, related headings).

An Authority can have many See Also references.

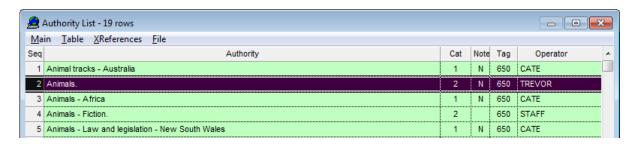
- 1. Launch the Amlib client
- 2. Go to Main > Authorities > Authorities the Authorities screen will display:



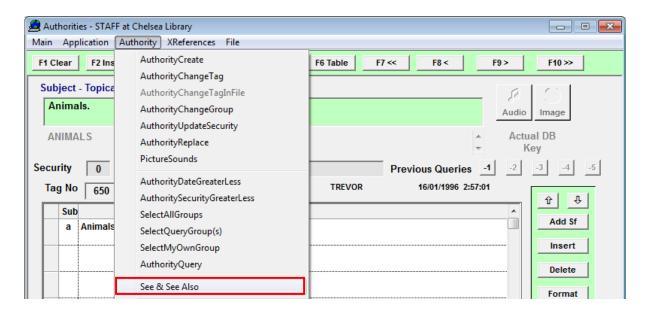
3. In the <u>Search Term</u> box, enter the Authority for which you wish to add See Also cross references (for example: **Animals**) and click the **F5 Query** button – the <u>Authority Query Options</u> table will display:



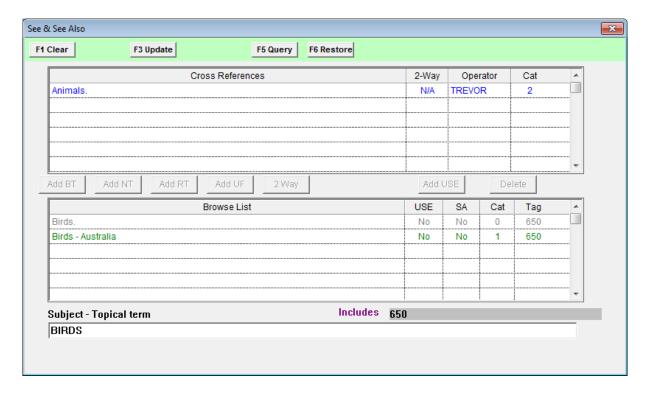
4. Double-click on a type of search, for example: **Subject** heading (if that is what you search term is) – an <u>Authority List</u> of matching Authorities will display:



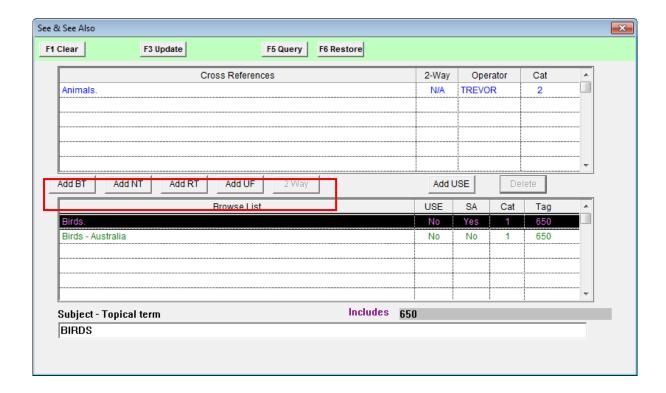
5. Double-click on a selection (for example: **Animals**) – the selected Authority will display on the <u>Authorities</u> screen:



- 6. From the menu, select Authority > See & See Also the See & See Also screen will display
- 7. In the search box, enter the authority that you wish to set as the *See Also* reference (for example: **Birds**) and **F5 Query** button



8. Highlight the term in the <u>Browse List</u> box that is to be the *See Also* cross reference and select the relevant addition using the table below as a guide



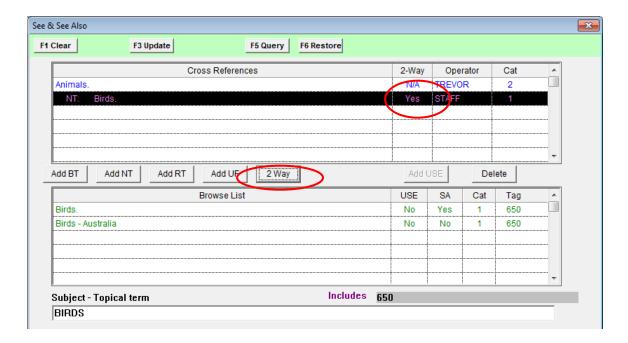
Symbols for Preferred (Allowed) Terms

SYMBOL	MEANING	EXPLANATION	EXAMPLE
Add BT	Broader	Allowed headings which are more	Fishes
	Term	general than the term	
			BT Marine Animals
Add NT	Narrower	Allowed headings which are more	Fishes
	Term	specific than the term	
			NT Seahorses
Add RT	Related	Allowed headings which are associated	Fishes
	Term	with the term in some way	
			RT Aquariums
Add UF	Use For	Allowed Heading "Seen By" – a Non-	Fishes
		Allowed Heading, therefore directing	
		the User to a more appropriate heading	UF Fish

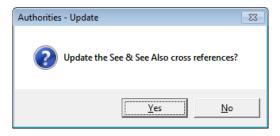
9. Click the **2 Way** button if the term is to be seen from each heading – for example:

Birds: See also Animals

• Animals: See also Birds



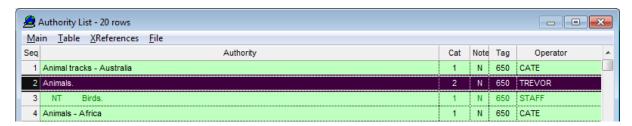
10. When all the *See Also* references have been added, click the **F3 Update** button – an <u>Authorities – Update</u> prompt will display:



11. Click the Yes button



12. In the Authority List, the 2-way listing should apply automatically:



See (Use)

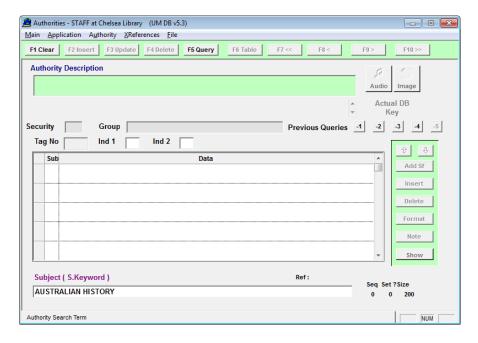
Allows reference from the entered term (a non-preferred heading) to an alternative heading which is preferred. An Authority may only have one See reference.

Symbols for Non-Preferred (Non-Allowed) Terms

SYMBOL	MEANING	EXPLANATION	EXAMPLE
Add USE	Use	Non-Allowed Headings have a <i>See</i> Reference (USE Reference) to direct the User to an Allowed heading, which is more appropriate	Fish farming USE Aquaculture

For example: Australian History SEE Australia – History

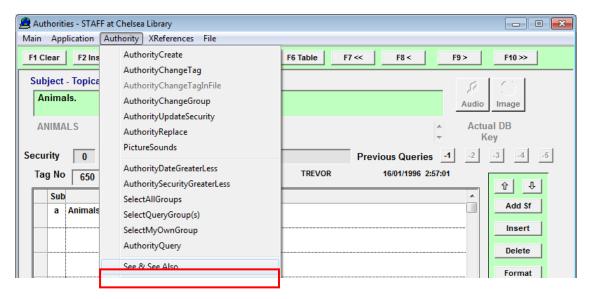
- 1. Launch the Amlib client
- 2. Go to Main > Authorities > Authorities the Authorities screen will display:



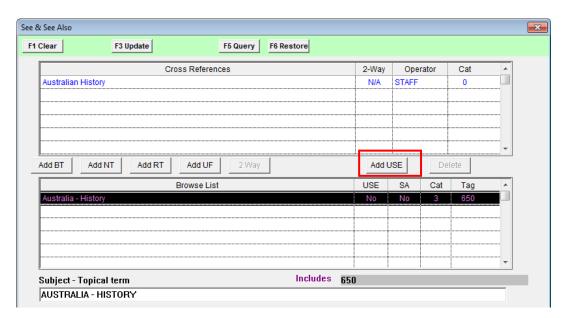
3. In the <u>Search Term</u> box, enter the non-preferred heading to which you wish to add *See* cross references (for example: **Australian History**) and click the **F5 Query** button

Note: If the non-preferred heading does not currently exist is will be necessary to *Create the Heading* first. Go to Authority > Authority Create. Choose the Tag – for example 650 Topical Subject Heading. Enter the term in the Subfields as required. Once complete click **F2 Insert** to insert the Heading. Then proceed as from Point 3.

4. Double-click on a selection in the <u>Authority List</u> (for example: **Animals**) – the selected Authority will display on the Authorities screen



- 5. From the menu, select Authority > See & See Also the See & See Also screen will display
- 6. In the search box, enter the authority that you wish to set as the *See* reference (for example: **Australia History**) and **F5 Query** button



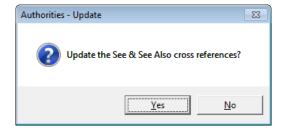
7. Highlight the term in the <u>Browse List</u> box that is to be the *See* cross reference and click the **Add USE** button – the <u>Authorities - Add USE</u> prompt will display:



8. Click the Yes button



9. Click the **F3 Update** button – an <u>Authorities – Update</u> prompt will display:



10. Click the Yes button



11. If a heading is no longer to be a *See* reference, highlight the term and click the **F6 Restore** button

Seen By (Use For)

Allows reference from a non-preferred heading to a preferred heading. This would be a one-way match – for example:

• Australia - History: Seen By Australian History

Adding a *See* reference automatically creates this – for example: since we added a *See* reference for **Australian History** to see **Australia – History**, if we search for **Australia – History**, the *Seen By* reference will point to **Australian History**:

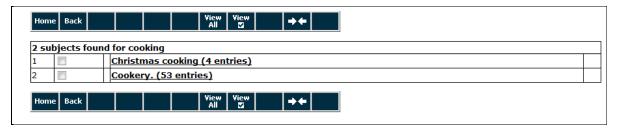


Similarly, you can have Cookery: Seen By Cooking:



This means any attempt to search for **Cooking** in a Catalogue Enquiry will search for **Cookery** instead.

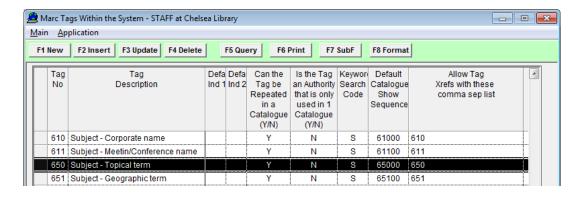
When searching for a commonly used term (for example: **Cooking**) the *NetOpacs* user will be given a result instead of a message that there are no items found for that term:



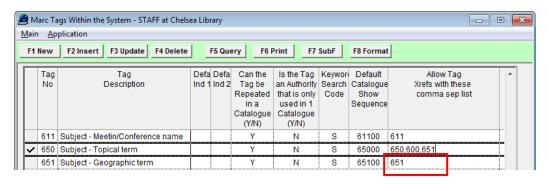
See and See Also References Across MARC Tags

It is also possible to set *See* and *See Also* references across different MARC Tags. For instance, it is possible to set some cross references for countries that are topical headings or people – for example: **Spain**, *see also* **Bullfighters**, *see also* **Queen Isabella 1**.

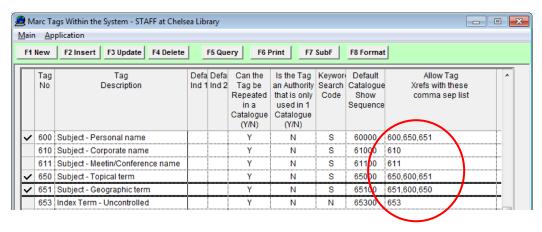
- 1. Launch the Amlib client
- 2. Go to Main > Authorities > Marc Tags the Marc Tags Within the System screen will display:



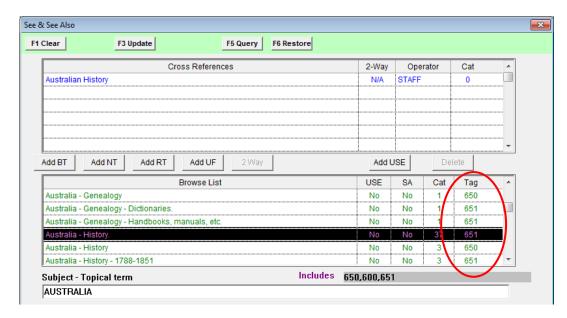
- 3. Locate the Tag you wish to include in the cross referencing for example: 650
- Add a comma (,) in the <u>Allow Tag Xrefs with these comma sep list</u> column and the next Tag number, repeating for multiple Tags for example: to search through **Subject Topical Term**, **Subject Personal Name**, **Subject Geographic Term**, the search phrase would be: 650,600,651



5. Repeat for the reciprocal Tags – for example: 600, 651:



- 6. Click the **F3 Update** button when complete
- 7. You are then able to select against a range of Tags in the <u>See & See Also</u> screen as a result:



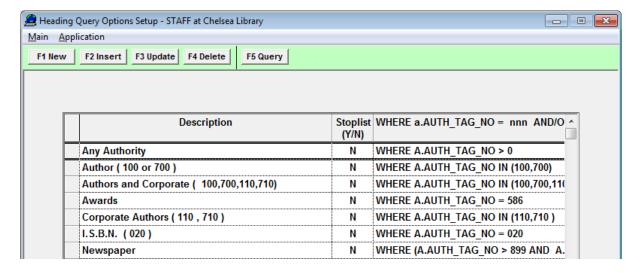
8. It is also possible to manually search across Tags, by entering additional Tag numbers after the Tag(s) displayed in the Includes box, separating them with a comma (;), at the bottom of the See & See Also screen:



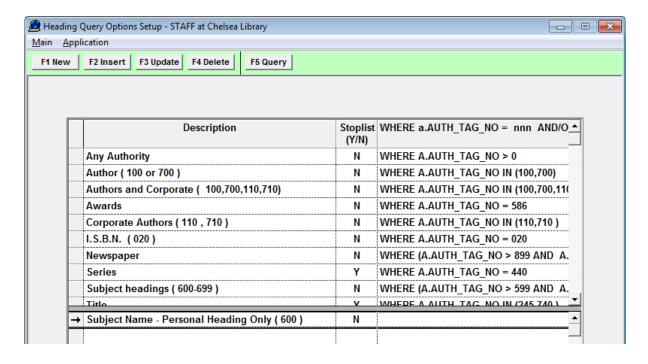
Create your New Authority Enquiry Option

It is possible to define extra **Browse Searches** for use with the Authority module (and a similar one in the Catalogue Module)

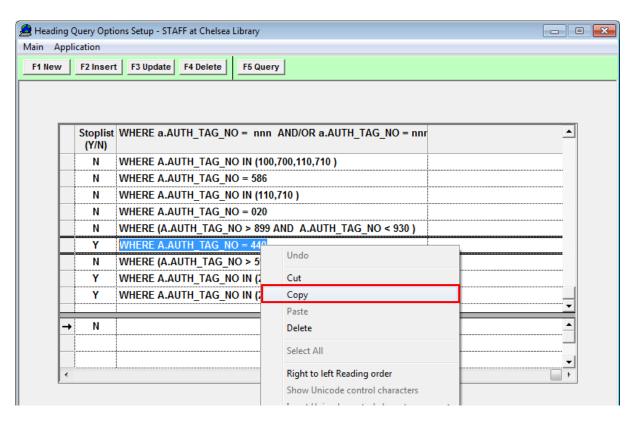
- 1. Launch the Amlib client
- 2. Go to Main > Authorities > AuthQueryOptions the <u>Heading Query Options Setup</u> screen will display:



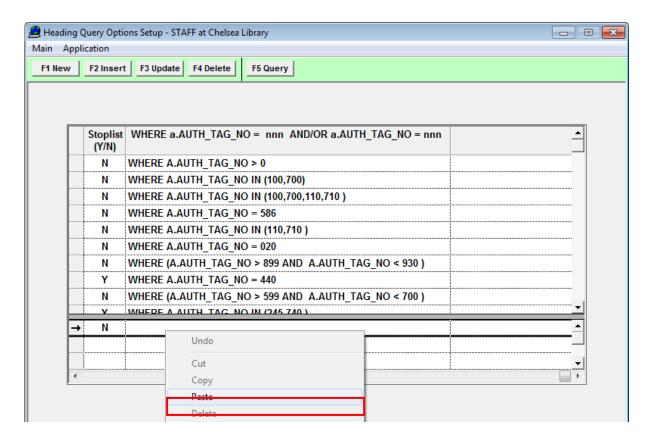
- 3. Click the F1 New button
- 4. Enter the following:
 - <u>Description</u> for example: Subject Name Personal Heading Only (600)
 - Enter whether you wish to have a **Stoplist** included (for example to ignore **The**, **An** etc.). For Personal Name Subject Headings, the setting would be **N**



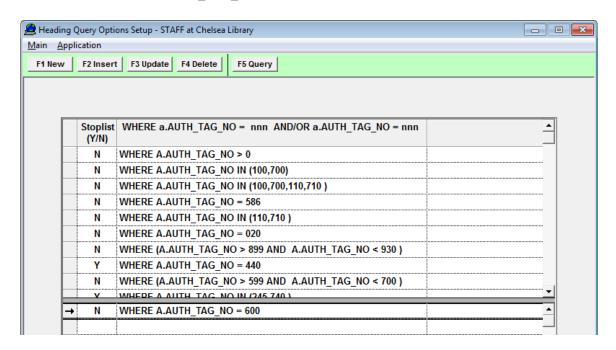
5. Enter the Where conditions (Hint: It is easiest to copy an existing line and then alter it. In this case **Copy** the Subject Heading line – by highlighting the existing line for subject and right-clicking and choosing **Copy**



6. Go to the new line created and click into the <u>WHERE a.AUTH TAG NO = nnn AND/OR</u> <u>a.AUTH TAG NO= nnn</u> column, right-click and choose **Paste**



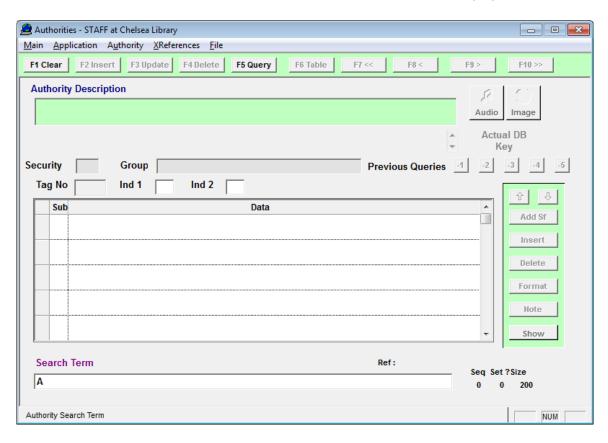
- 7. The existing Query will be display: <u>alter</u> the WHERE statement to what it should be, for example:
 - WHERE A.AUTH_TAG_NO = 600



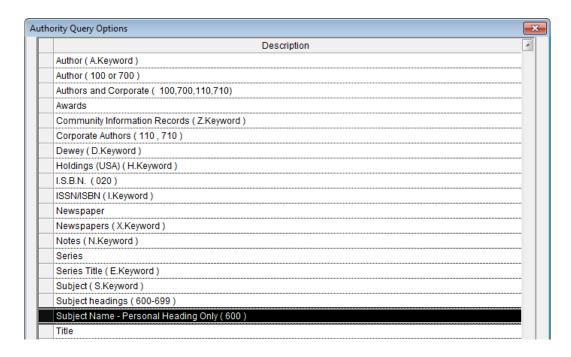
- 8. Click the **F3 Update** button to save the new option
- 9. Log out (Ctrl-L) of the Authorities module to allow the new query to come into effect

Search Using the New Query Option

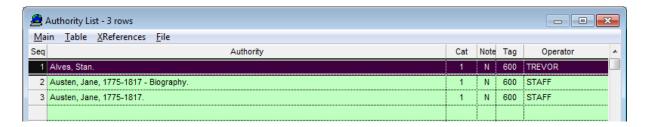
1. Go to Main > Authorities > Authorities – the Authorities screen will display:



- 2. Perform a search for example: type the letter **A** into the <u>Search Term</u> box to find all the Name Personal Headings beginning with **A**
- 3. Click the **F5 Query** button the <u>Authority Query Options</u> screen will display:



- 4. Double-click the preferred option for example: **Subject Name Personal Heading Only** (600)
- 5. An Authority List will display the results of the query targeting ONLY the **600** Tag:



Z39.50 Searching

Z39.50 is an international information retrieval standard that enables communication between computer systems, including those that operate on different hardware and use different library software (e.g. Amlib, Spydus, Sirsi, etc.). Searching of other libraries and databases can be performed simultaneously in a single search

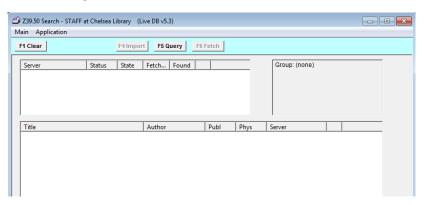
Amlib provides an integrated Z39.50 Client (also known as ZClient) within the Amlib Catalogue module for easily searching of other libraries and databases. The Amlib ZClient has an additional benefit of being able to select a range of records from a search result and **immediately** import into the Amlib Catalogue databases – an easy way for creating orders and importing marc records.

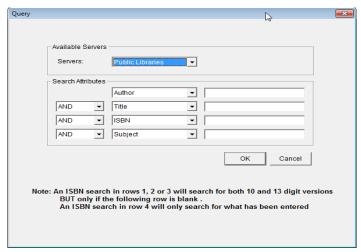
Please Note: Use of the Bibliographic records via Z39.50 is subject to the terms and conditions of the Source Library.

To use Z39.50 Searching

Launch the Amlib client

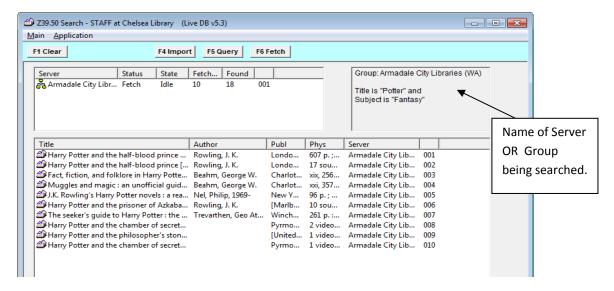
1. Go to Main > Catalogue > CatZSearch





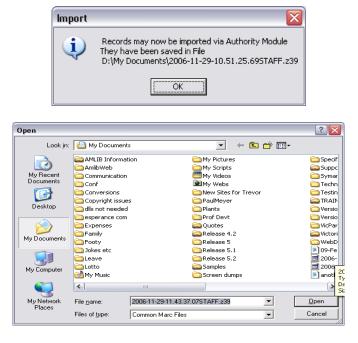
- 4. Click on the down arrow and select the Server or Group you wish to search by highlighting it.
- 5. Type in the search term for example: **ISBN**, **Title**, **Author**, **Subject** or combination of these. Click **OK**

You will be returned to the Search window



You will now see the Server, Default number of items to display and Found this many records

To highlight records (hold the Ctrl key and click on records to highlight more than one record) and clicking **F4Import**, the highlighted records will saved to a Marc File shown in the dialogue box, to be imported into Amlib via Marc Takeup.



Marc Takeup will automatically load where the File name will display. Ensure the Folder is the correct Folder e.g. My Documents.

Schools can link to SCIS in this way. You will need to contact SCIS directly to get your IP address authorised and they will supply the details of the SCIS z39.50 details you will need to set them up as a Server to be accessed through Z39.50.

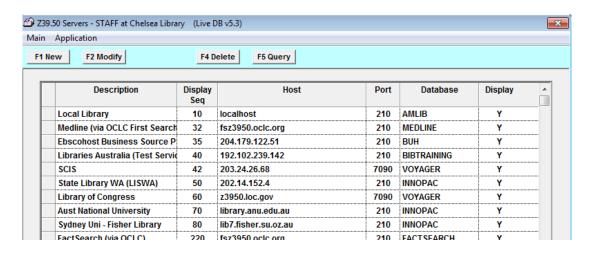
Adding New z39.50 Servers

Servers are the Libraries or databases you wish to search. **F1New** enables you to enter new databases to search. Some useful links include:

http://www.nla.gov.au/librariesaustralia/services/search/z3950/

http://www.nla.gov.au/apps/libraries?action=ListTargets

http://staff.library.mun.ca/staff/toolbox/z3950hosts.htm



<u>Description</u> = the description you will see in Amlib of the Library or database

<u>Display Seq</u> = the order in which you wish the list to display eg 1, 2, 3 etc. The number here needs to be unique

<u>Host</u> = the Internet Address of the Library or database. If this is not correct, you cannot be connected to perform a search

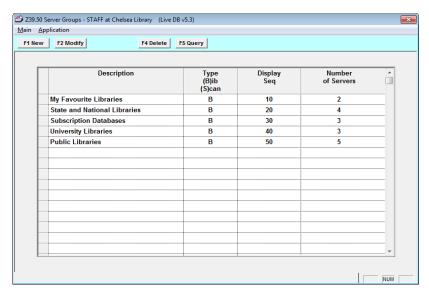
Port = TCP/IP port. The most common port number for Z39.50 is 210.

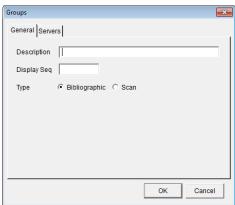
Server Type is generally Other unless it is an Amlib site

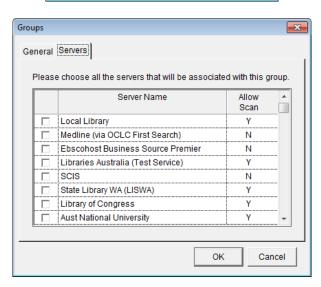
<u>Database</u> is the name of the database. This will also need to be supplied by the Library or database being searched

CatZGroups

The **Servers** being searched can be grouped together so that parallel searches are performed across multiple databases







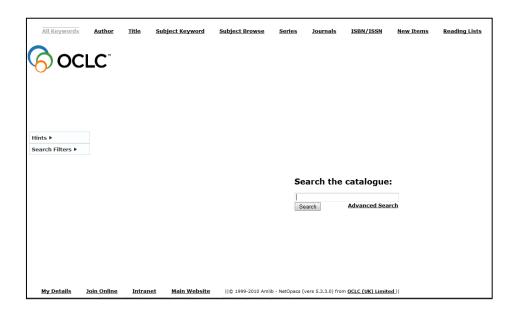
When you have entered the Description and sequence, you need to click on the **Servers tab** and tick the **Servers** you wish to be in this Group

NETOPACS

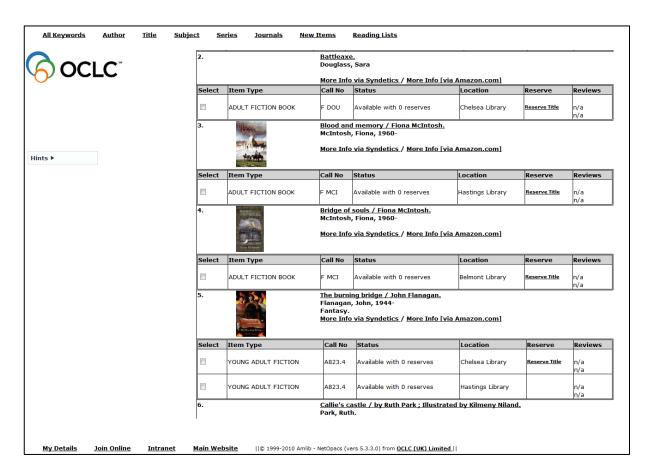
Please Note: The path for the *NetOpacs* is http://servername/Amlibweb/webquery.dll?

The Server name will depend on how your Server was set up. This can be found in Control Panel, Network on your Server. For example if the Server name was Libserver the path would be http://Libserver/Amlibweb/webquery.dll?

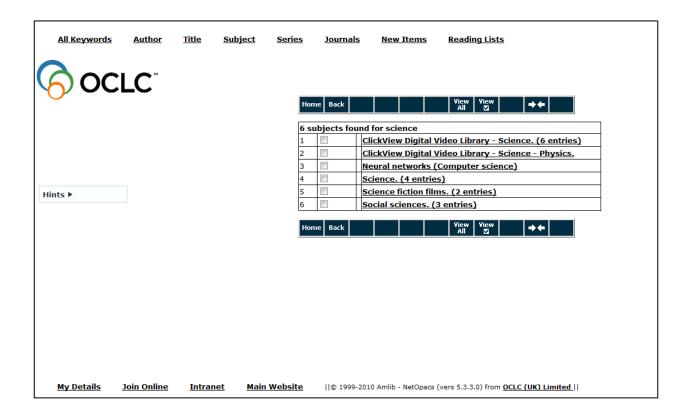
- 1. The searches are performed within a **Net Browser** e.g. Internet Explorer or Firefox.
- 2. The path can be set up as a Favourite so that the Library Search screen can easily be found or as the Default Home Page so that the Search screen automatically displays as soon as the Net Browser is activated.
- 3. Just like browsing an Internet site, the *NetOpacs* uses Hyperlinks extensively. A hyperlink is a "hot spot" that allows you to jump to another location. The field includes display text, which is often blue and underlined, that the user clicks to jump to the specified location or extra information.
- 4. Certain configuration and parameters control the Netopac setup. This includes the **amlib.ini** within the Netopacs folder, the **configuration file** that is used to compile the Netopacs and is found amongst the Design htm pages (e.g. ReserveOn.ini but it could be named differently) as well as some Supervisor/Application/**Opac Enquiry** settings relevant to Netopacs.
- 5. The Main Menu will vary depending on the Search options for example: Periodicals
- 6. Click on **search option** required. Enter the text to be searched and press Enter or click the Search button. Not all the text has to entered. For example **Dino** will display all items beginning with Dino, for example: Dinosaurs, Dinotopia etc.



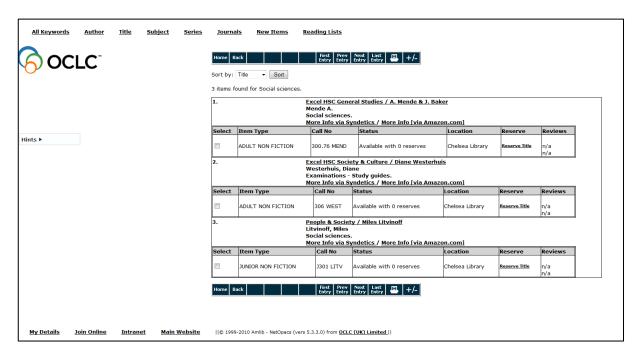
All Fields and Title searches will display the Stockitems found as a result of a search.



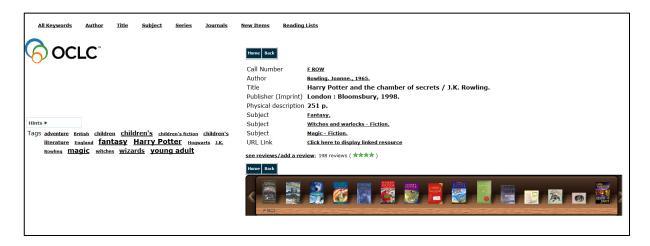
7. **Author** and **Subject** generally display an Interim Search Result where the Headings found will display first, and then the Stockitem display will follow.



- 8. The Heading required can then be chosen by clicking on the hyperlink to open the items with that particular heading, choosing several headings or **View All**. The number of items the search has found is displayed in the top left hand corner.
- 9. The items found display with details of Title, Author, Call Number, Item Type, Status, Location and Floor Location.



The see the bibliographic details of each item, click on the **Title** hyperlink.



The hyperlinks displayed can be clicked to open up alternative searches. For example, Magpies can be clicked to narrow the search to only items with Magpies as a Subject Heading.

You can then go back through your steps by using the back button at the top of the screen. Other Buttons in the *Amlib* search also navigate you through the displays.



Library Controlled Settings

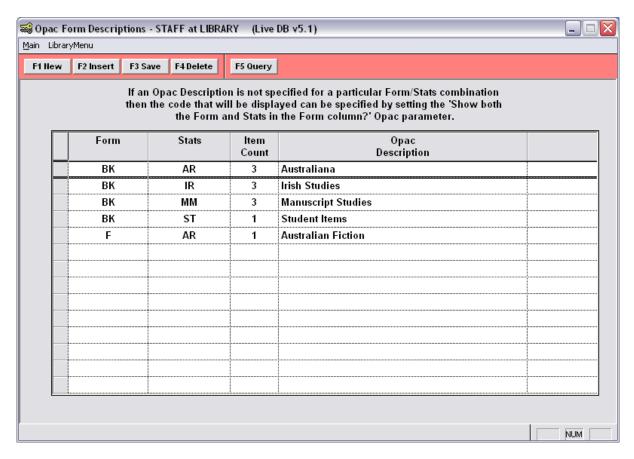
There are some settings in the Supervisor module (Main > Supervisor > Opac) that can be changed for your NetOPAC pages. It is always important after you've made changes to restart WebConsole in order for the changes to take effect.

Form Descriptions

Main > Supervisor > Opacs > OpacFormDesc

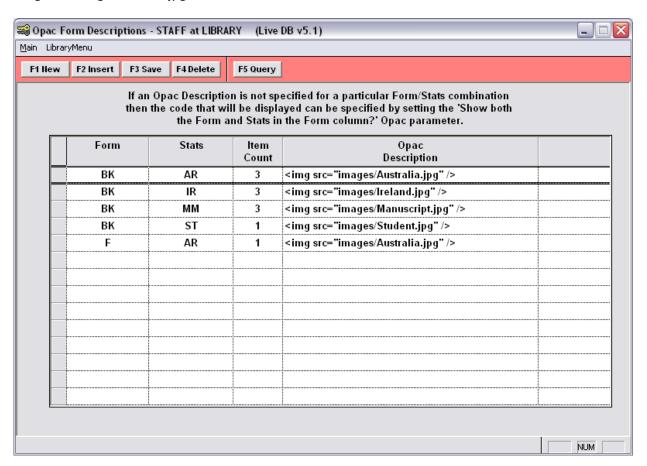
This is the place to customise the display of your "Item Type" to be more user friendly! On your ItemsList.htm page you should have a placeholder called STKFORMSTATS which by default displays both the Stockitem Form Code and the Stockitem Stats Code for that item.

In this location you can change that to display something that will mean more to your customers, so "NF BK" can become "Adult Non-Fiction". Every combination of Form code and Stats code that your library currently uses will already be in the list, it's just a matter of clicking in the Opac Description column and writing something meaningful.



Displaying Images as Form

You can choose to display jpg images instead of text in the "Item Type". You need to save your images within the directory that holds your NetOPAC pages, for example C:/Netopacs/Amlibweb/images. Then you can use HTML instead of text in the Opac Description column to display the images:

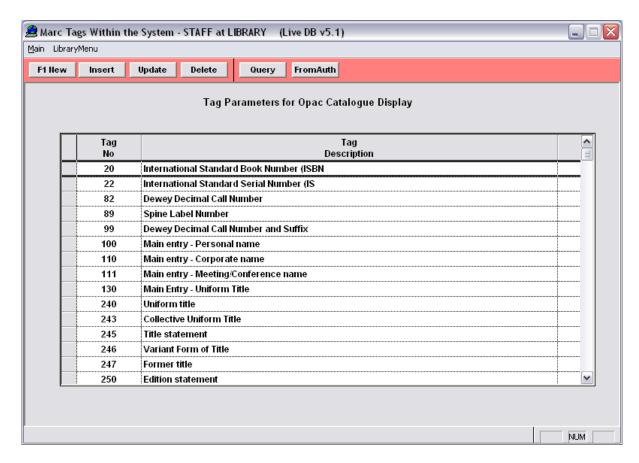




Opac Display Tags

Main > Supervisor > Opacs > OpacDisplayTags

From this screen you can choose which tags do and do not display on the MarcList.htm page (which is the page users go to when they click on an item title). By using the AuthTag button you can import all current tags with those from Main > Authorities > MarcTags. You can delete the tags that are not required and change the Tag Description for your users.



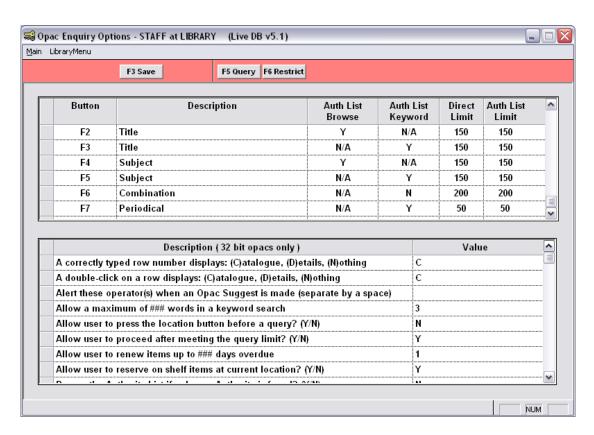
Opac Enquiry Options

Main > Supervisor > Opacs > OpacEngOptions

Some of the items in this screen are specific to the OPACs, but the following are items for NetOPACs:

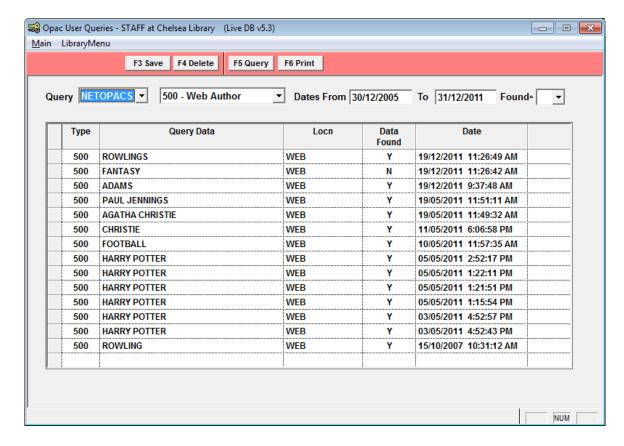
- Colour of location when an item at current location
- Colour of location when an item at not at current location
- Colour of status when an item is 'In Transit'
- Colour of status when an item is 'Not For Loan'
- Colour of status when an item is 'Not On Loan'
- Colour of status when an item is 'On Loan'
- Colour of status when an item is 'On Order'
- Colour of status when an item is 'Reserved'
- Allow a maximum of ### words in a keyword search
- Allow user to renew items up to ### days overdue
- Allow user to reserve on shelf items at current location?
- Display on shelf items as (N)ot on Loan, (A)vailable or (O)n Shelf

- Exact search on any term < ### characters</p>
- Format of all dates shown in OPAC (i.e. dd/MM/yyyy).
 - Due Date display on the Item list uses this parameter. All other Date settings come from Windows settings rather than Amlib (Regional Settings found in Control Panel)
- ➤ Hide the borrower's address when they view their own details
- ➤ Is a PIN required?
- Show an item as "In Transit" if the Perm/Temp locations differ
- Show both the Form and Stats in the Form column?
- Show the date due back for daily items on loan?
- ➤ Show the last ### days of received items for Bor-Interest (Max Value)
- ➤ Show the last ### days of received items for Bor-Interest (Min Value)



History Of Successful & Unsucessful Searches

The *Opac* User Query screen in **Supervisor > Installation > Library Menu > Opacs > OpacQueries** can be used to see all terms used, those not found and those found



At the Top of the Screen set the Query options and select the **[F5] Query** button.

The **Query** buttons include:

Query used

- a. Netopacs
- b. Opacs (traditional style)

Search

These are set by the **Stats Params** for *Netopacs* and the Button Numbers for *Opac*. For example:

- a. 500 WebAuthor
- b. 501 WebTitle

Dates

Enter the **Date range** (Date from and the Date to **Note:** *Amlib* will enter the / if the correct format is used e.g. 01/08/07)

Found

Arrow down to find the correct setting

- a. All (Left blank)
- b. Y (Only finds the successful search terms)
- c. N (Only finds the unsuccessful search terms)



SEARCH TIPS IN AMLIB

Expanded Searching

The whole term does not have to be typed (Note though that exact searches will be done on a certain number of characters – set in Supervisor e.g. 2) Other than that, if a set of characters is typed in, the search will bring back any items with that set of characters or an expansion on that.

For example search for **Din** and if Enter is pressed the search will bring back everything that starts with Din.

DINOSAURS

<u>DIN</u>NER

DINGHY

And if **Dino** and Enter is then pressed the search will bring back everything that starts with Dino

DINOSAURS

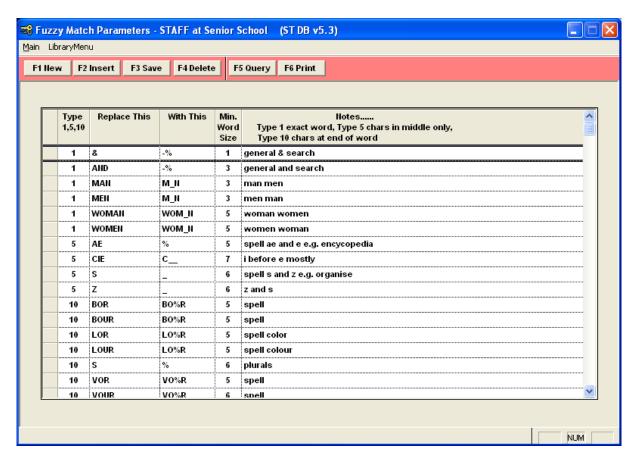
DINOTOPIA

Basically the more you type, the narrower the search...

Plurals/Fuzzy matches

(set up in Supervisor) allow rules to be applied to Search terms to aid situations where a term may be entered in several ways – for example colour and color

This setup usually also allows plurals to be included in the search for example by typing in *Helicopter* will also result all the items with the term *Helicopters* to be included in the results listing



Punctuation

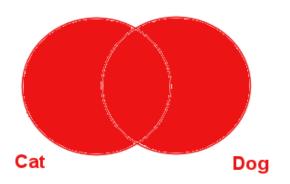
Punctuation Is stripped from the Term for the search. - Basically, it is not necessary to search any punctuation but usually does not matter if it is included.

Boolean Searching

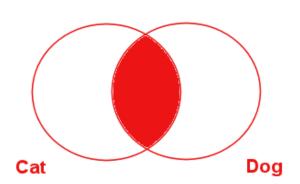
Advanced Searching Only available on some Netopac screen designs

Boolean Operands can be used for example AND, OR, NOT

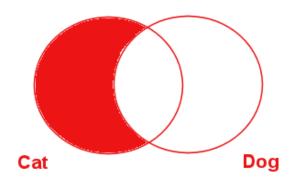
Boolean Searching



Searching for "Cat OR Dog will" return results that have either cats or dogs or both.



Searching for "Cat AND Dog" will bring up items that only have both cats and dogs.



Searching for "Cat NOT Dog" will return results that only contain cats and do not contain dogs.

Boolean **NOT** Searches restrict the search by a Term e.g. Fish <u>NOT</u> Marine restricts the search to items that include the term Fish but where Marine is not included as a term

- a. Typing more than one term invokes an "AND" Boolean search which narrows the search. They do not have to be typed in any specific order
- b. Other Boolean Searching can be done in **Keyword** searches, using OR and NOT
- c. *NetOpac* **Keyword** allows <u>NOT</u> Boolean searches, which restrict the search e.g. *Fish* NOT *Freshwater*
- d. NetOpacs allows for OR searching in **Keyword** searches e.g. United Kingdom OR England, Purple OR Mauve. Or searches broaden the search allowing the incidence or EITHER term.

Search Terms

- a. If a search term is not successful, it may be necessary to try a broader term. For example, if nothing is found for Trout, try Freshwater Fish. If nothing is found for Canaries, try Cage Birds or Aviaries etc.
- b. If too many results are found, try entering a narrower term or adding a term to the Search string to limit the results. For example: you search for *Astronomy and* you get too many hits? Then analyse what terms will be of interest, for example: Stars, Planets etc. and either add this term to the original search term or search for the alternative term.
- c. If you then search for *Planets* and you still get too many hits? Then analyse what will be of particular interest and try a narrower term, for example: *Mars, Venus, Pluto* (Note: with the

- these Planet names it could be wise to keep Astronomy in the search string to eliminate Greek Myths and chocolate bars from appearing in your search results!)
- d. Adding See and See also references can assist students by allowing entry of non preferred terms for example Cooking See Cookery. This allows the term Cooking to be typed and for the results of the Cookery heading to display seamlessly!

Getting More Details - Netopacs

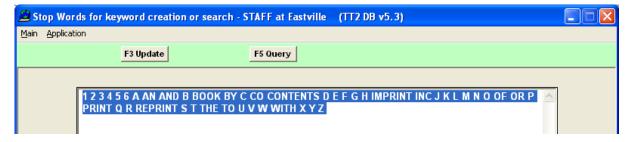
Checking out the Catalogue record or Display (Item Details) give more information about the item.

Click the Hyperlink in the Title in the Catalogue being displayed with detailed Bibliographic information – clicking on hyperlinks within the Catalogue, for example: Subjects or Author allows searching on these headings. You can always go back through to the original search results by using the back buttons!!

Stoplists - Leading Articles and Ignoring Common Terms

Words like "An, A, The" are stripped out of searches and not searched, as are single characters and certain common words within **Keyword** searches (e.g. Book, Print etc.) These are known as **StopList** inclusions and are set through the system.

Keyword Stoplist: Found in Authorities > Application > Keyword Stoplist



Stockitem Stoplist for Browse Searches – in Stockitem > Application > Stoplist.



Refining searches

Special Searches can be defined using the Restricted Search facility. This enable searches on particular Form codes, Stats codes, Locations, new items etc. using the normal search features.

For example: search for Sport but only within the Video Collection.

APPENDIX 1: Amlib Configuration Settings (Amlib.ini settings in the Netopacs folder)

There are a lot of items in the **Amlib.ini** file contained in the *NetOpacs* folder that can be altered to change how your pages work. Below are items that you may already have or wish to use, along with an example to show how it should be displayed and a description of what it does. These can be added to your **Amlib.ini** under the heading **[Netopacs].**

You can get disable current options without deleting the line by adding a semicolon (;) to the start of the line, which turns the setting into a comment – for example: ;AllowResLocChange=Y

IMPORTANT: Whenever you edit your **Amlib.ini** file, the *NetOpacs WebConsole* (or *FireDaemon* service) must be restarted for the updated settings to take effect.

Authorities

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
AuthNoteHeight	Controls the height of the scope note window (Default = 0)
For example: =480	
AuthNoteNewWindow	Controls whether or not the Authority Note opens in a new
(=Y or =N)	Window (Default = Y)
AuthNoteText	Defines the text that is displayed for the link to the Authority notes
For example: =Notes	(Default = View Notes)
AuthNoteWidth	Controls the width of the scope note window (Default = 0)
For example: =640	
AuthToAuth	If set to Y , selection of a <i>See</i> or <i>See Also</i> Authority heading display
(=Y or =N)	by the end user effectively results in a new authority search using
	that heading as a search term
CatsPerAuth	If supplied causes a count of the number of catalogue records
(= Y or = N)	associated with a heading. This is shown in brackets on the
	authority list screen. If the count is 1 , nothing is shown.
MergeAuths	If set to Y, any authorities contained in more than one Marc tag will
(=Y or =N)	appear only once on the Authorities list
SAAuthIndent	See Also headings will be indented by the number of pixels entered
For example: =20	– for example: SAAuthIndent=20 to indent from the other
	headings by 20 pixels. To enable ease of viewing of the Headings

StraightToList	If set to Y , any Authority search will go to the results without
(= Y or = N)	displaying the Authorities if there is only one matching result for
	example: Looking for an Author, if an exact Author is found, goes
	straight to the results rather than displaying the Authority for that
	Author

Bookings

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
Booking For example: =Book Item	The text that is displayed on the Item List for booking an item
BookingForms For example: =VI,DVD	You can list here the Form types you wish to allow patrons to book

Book Reviews

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
BookReview	Link text to be displayed when linking to the page for leaving a
For example: =Review this item	book review
ReadReview	Link text to be displayed when linking to the page to read other
For example: =Read reviews	patron's book reviews

Borrower Screen (My Details)

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
ChangeDetsDesc	Text displayed for the link to the Borrower Change Details
For example: =Change Your Details)	(Address/Email) form – inserted where the CHANGEDETAILS
	placeholder is located on the My Details screen
DefaultILLMsg	The text to be displayed in the pop up box when someone
For example: =Thank you for your	submits an ILL request
request	
ILLDesc	Text displayed for the link to the Borrower Purchase/ILL request
For example: =Request Item Not	form – inserted where the ILLREQUEST placeholder is located on
Held By Library	the My Details screen
OpacSugDesc	The link text to be displayed when linking to the Opac Suggest
For example: =Talk to a Librarian!	page
SubjectIntsDesc	Description to display for the <u>Subject Interests Setup</u> link on the
For example: =Setup Special	My Details screen
Interests	

Content Enrichment

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
Amazon	Defines the link text for <i>Amazon</i> links (Default = More
For example: =More at Amazon	Information)
CheckForImageFiles	If set to Y , this ensures that <i>NetOpacs</i> checks the database for
(= Y or = N)	any images added into Amlib and copies them over to the
	appropriate NetOpacs directories
ContentCafe	The link text used for the <i>Content Café</i> hyperlink
For example: =More info	
ContentCafeUser	The Content Café Username (available from Baker & Taylor
For example: =Username	when you subscribe)
ContentCafePass	The Content Café Password (available from Baker & Taylor when
For example: =Password	you subscribe). If omitted any links will be disabled
ContentCafeReturn	Used when building Image links. If set to 1 will display a generic
(=1 or =0)	image if no image is available. If set to 0 , will display nothing if
	no image is available.
FirstImageDisplay	Any image present can be indicated with an icon - the default
For example: =ACTUAL050	being a camera or a thumbnail (smaller version of the image). If
	you choose the latter (which only works with .JPGs and .GIFs)
	you also need to supply the width of the image in pixels (Default
	image to show on first display is 'ACTUALnnn' for thumbnail of
	actual first image where nnn is width in pixels for example:
	ACTUAL050 (approx 3 cms) or for example:
	amlibweb/PICS/image.gif to show camera)
ImageEmbed	Embedded images. If not embedded, user will need to select
(= Y or = N)	again after display. This mainly refers to .PDF files where certain
	browsers (Netscape) have trouble with embedded files.
ImgBgrColour	This is the background colour of the screen when viewing an
For example: =#FFFFF	image linked to a Catalogue record.
LibraryThingImageDevKey	This is the Developer Key you receive from LibraryThing
(for example: =Username)	
LibraryThingImageSize	This is the size of the image from <i>LibraryThing</i> that you wish to
(=small, =medium or =large)	display
NoCatPictureImage	If you have the Catalogue image placeholder added to your
(for example: =pics/book.gif)	page, but no image attached to a specific Catalogue, this is the
	image that will show by default.
Syndetics	Defines the link text used for a <i>Syndetics</i> hyperlinks (Default =
Syndetics	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

SyndeticsClient (for example: =1234)	Defines the client code used for the <i>Syndetics</i> website. If omitted, <i>Syndetics</i> links will be disabled
SyndeticsType	Defines the Display Type options of the URL. Can be type=rw12 , Type=rw12&popup=Yes or type=rn12 (Default = type=rw12&popup=Yes)
WebPicThumbs (for example: =4)	Thumb nails: if 4 or more images for a record, thumbnails will be produced as a first display - this only applies to native image formats (.GIF and .JPG).

Item List

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
856Subfields	The subfield in the 856 Marc tag used to keep the link text when
For example: =z	displayed a link. Can now be used in Item and Catalogue List!
AllowResultSummary	If set to Y , this allows patrons to view a printable version of their
(=Y or =N)	search results
CatOnly	If set to Y , this assumes that your <i>Amlib</i> contains only Catalogue
(=Y or =N)	records and not Stockitems, so any item restrictions will be ignored
CatRestrict	This enables the Opac View Restriction in the Catalogue screen
(=Y or =N)	to control whether or not a record is displayed in NetOpacs
GroupItems	If set to Y then Group the output of Items in the <u>Item Results</u>
(= Y or = N)	List so that that rather than repeating all the Item information
	for each copy of the same Catalogue (for example: with the
	same CatRef) - it now displays Title, Author, Publisher only once,
	and then displays the holdings data – Location, Call, Status (for
	example: Onloan), # Reserves, and Format for each copy
DefaultImageDisplay	Icon to display if catalogue has electronic documents attached
For example: =lcons/Attached.gif	that are NOT images (for example: PDF documents).
	This will be a relative URL (default is Icons/AttachedDocs.gif) to
	the icon, and this setting is only applicable if FirstImageDisplay
	is set to ACTUALXXX where XXX is the width of the image.
EmailResults	If set to Y , this allows patrons to email search results to
(=Y or =N)	themselves or a friend.

ItemViaCat	If supplied will cause the system to create a link between a
For example: =Holdings	catalogue screen and an item screen – the Type 4 screen for the
	display must be defined as the output of the Type 14
RecentReturn	Text to be displayed when using the placeholder
For example: =Recently Returned	(STKRECENTRETURN) for a recently returned item
StatusAvailable	These parameters may be used to supply your own descriptions
StatusInTransit	for item status displays. If not supplied, these are taken from the normal client server <i>Opac</i> parameters – maintained in <i>Amlib</i>
StatusNotForLoan	Supervisor module
StatusNotOnLoan	Examples:
StatusOnLoan	StatusAvailable=Available
StatusOnOrder	StatusOnOrder=On Order StatusNotForLoan=Unavailable
StatusOnShelf	StatusOnLoan=On Loan
StatusReserved	

Join Online

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
OnlineJoinType For example: =S	Borrower Type to assign to new borrowers who use the new <i>NetOpacs</i> Join Online facility
OnlineJoinStatus For example: =OK	Borrower Status to assign to new borrowers who use the new NetOpacs Join Online facility

Marc List

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
CatRefSequence	Controls whether or not the Marc list uses the default order to
(=Y or =N)	display the Marc details (N) or the order as defined in the Catalogue module (Y)

PDFs

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
WebPdf (=Y or =N)	PDF viewer licensedTIF images can be converted to PDF files if you have purchased the .PDF view licence
WebTif (=Y or =N)	TIF viewer licensed – a product <i>Tiffsurfer</i> may be used to view . TIF images in a browser – this must be licensed
WebWidth For example: =800	PDF usage only typical screen width for example: 800 x600 for image scaling

Periodicals/Magazine Search

SETTING	DESCRIPTION

PerCopies	Description to use for link text an issue display to an item display
For example: =Check Availability	
Marc	Description to use for link text to full details to Marc record in
For example: =Full Details	Periodical windows

Reservations

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
AllowResLocChange	If this is set to Y, a drop-down list of locations will appear next to
(=Y or =N)	each reserved item in the Borrower Details screen, allowing the
	Borrower to change the collect Location of the reservation.
	Placeholder (INSERTCHANGEHOLDLOCHERE) needed on page
DisallowOnLoanReserves	If this is set to Y , borrowers are prevented from reserving other
(=Y or =N)	copies of an item already out on loan to them
AllowCancel	If this is set to Y, a Cancel link will appear next to each reserved
(=Y or =N)	item in the My Details screen, allowing the Borrower to cancel the
	reservation. If ReserveByItem = N , the reservation for the
	selected item and each alternate copy is cancelled. The <u>Stockitem</u>
	History is updated with the details of the cancellation.
	Note: Stockitem History has a History included with an action of
	RESCANCEL and comment of Cancelled by Borrower (Name) in
	NetOpacs (Date) so that the items can be queried using a Where
	search.
	Please Note: Borrowers are given a credit (if they were charged)
	when cancelling their reservations.
	Placeholder (INSERTCANCELHOLDHERE) needed on page.
OnlyReserveOnLoan	If set to Y the reserve option will be only available if the item is
(=Y or =N)	marked on loan, reserved or on order, regardless of the location
	or IP address. It will override the Allow users to reserve on shelf
	items at current location in Main > Supervisor > Opac >
	EnquiryOptions in the Amlib client.
RefundReserve	For libraries that charge patrons for placing a reservation, this
(=Y or =N)	allows you to determine if the reservation charge should be
	cancelled when a reservation is cancelled. Y will cancel the charge
ResAllPerCopies	By default, only the selected copy of a periodical will be reserved.
(=Y or =N)	Setting this to Y will reserve all copies

Reserve	The text supplied here is what will display on the NetOpacs results
(=Reserve this item)	screen when an item is able to be reserved.
ReserveAutoClose	Will cause the reserve window to close after a reserve has been
(=Y or =N)	attempted. This will only work if both SecureId=Y and
	DialogBoxError=Y
ReserveByItem	If set to Y , reservations in <i>NetOpacs</i> will be for the specific
(=Y or =N)	copy/item selected ONLY. By default when an item is reserved in
	NetOpacs all items with the same catalogue reference and the
	same FORM code are reserved for the borrower (Default = N)
ReserveMessage	The text supplied here is what will display in the pop up box when
For example: =Your item has been	a patron successfully reserves an item via the NetOpacs
reserved	
ResOper	When a patron reserves an item via the NetOpacs that is currently
For example: =STAFF	on shelf, the staff member entered here will get a Notepad
	message letting them know to collect the item
ResretColumn	The stk_item field that is used to define the current location. If no
	column is specified, then STK_LOC_TEMP is used
ResretWait	Will only display RESRET memos to Borrowers when the item's
(=Y or =N)	current location is equal to the collection location
ValidateLocation	Allows users to determine if the collect from location on the
(=Y or =N)	reserve screen is validated. In order to properly implement this
	functionality, a select form field with every collect from location
	needs to be created on the reserve template. This should be
	named v33

Renewals

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
Renew	Renewals are permitted if the Renew parameter has been
For example: =Renew this	supplied. The data following the equal sign is used for the link text
	for the renewal option. Renewals are generally permitted if an item
	is not overdue, is not reserved, if member does not owe money
	and item is not stopped by ILL memo
Renewdays	Allows renewals of an item by a borrower if item up to xx days
For example: =14	overdue and not otherwise reserved, etc
Renewcents	Threshold limit in CENTS that a borrower has owing to renew items
For example: =500	on loan via <i>NetOpacs</i> . For example: Renewcents=500 will enable a borrower to renewal items on loan if borrower owes \$5.00 or less.

Searches

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
BOOLExact (=Y or =N)	Authority restrictions on Boolean searches to match the Marc data exactly against the selected item. This prevents situations where a restriction on Engineering will pick up Chemical Engineering as well.
KeywordProcess For example: =EQUAL or =LIKE	Matching of keywords. If set to EQUAL then exact match for example: FISH only finds FISH else will find FISHERIES, FISHING, FISHES, etc.

Technical and/or Default Settings

SETTING	DESCRIPTION
COMorLIB	Use LIB if the <i>NetOpacs</i> is to look at the Library (AMLIB) database (default).
For example: COMorLIB=LIB	Use COM if the <i>NetOpacs</i> is to look at the <i>CommInfo</i> database (no longer is use).
Please Note: The Community Information database is no longer supported. Should be: COMorLIB=LIB.	
ConnectionRetries For example: =1	The number of times <i>NetOpacs</i> will attempt to reconnect to the databases when it has been disconnected
DatabaseLib DatabaseCat	The names of the <i>Amlib</i> databases (also used by the <i>NetOpacs</i>) Please Note: Database web is used for temporary work areas for <i>NetOpacs</i>
DatabaseLocal	Examples:
DatabaseStats DatabaseWeb	DatabaseCat=Amcat DatabaseLocal=Amlocal
DatabaseUser DatabasePw	The database user must be a (SQL Server or Oracle) database owner (login) with permission to create and edit tables on the database
DialogBoxError (=Y or =N)	Errors will display in a dialogue box rather than in the top left hand corner of the screen. Makes it more obvious for Users who have to read the box and action it
Disconnect For example: =30	Disconnect after no activity from database The parameter (shown in minutes) causes <i>NetOpacs</i> to disconnect from the Database if no activity
FormDataDelim For example: =*	Oracle sites only – allows sites to override the delimiter used by NetOpacs to separate Form data stored in the database. This option should be set to a single character that is unlikely to be used by any record in the database

FullHost	Executable hostname
For example:	
FullHost=Amlibweb/webquery.dll?	
HideWindow	This determines if the WebConsole screen (with the Halt and
(= Y or = N)	Reload buttons) is hidden
Hostname	The hostname and directory for the service
For example:	
Hostname=Name.organisation.local/ amlibweb	
ImmediateConnect	If ImmediateConnect=Y NetOpacs will immediately connect to
(= Y or = N)	the database to obtain NetOpacs parameters (instead of
	waiting for the first search connection – handy for SQL Server
	sites which can take more than 2 minutes to load the
	parameters)
Location	A location code must be supplied - this can be any defined
For example: =WEB	location and is used for statistics and in the reserve process.
Retain	Retain 7 days of searches so user can go back to previous
For example: =7	searches. NetOpacs saves search info on the AMWEB database.
	This enables it to continue an interrupted session. The number
	of day/s worth of restartable data to keep. This value is also
	used to destroy any temporary tables that may have been used
	in searches
ScriptName	This is the name of the script that runs NetOpacs
(=WebQuery.dll)	
SecureID	If SecureID=Y then <i>NetOpacs</i> opens a new browser window
(=Y or =N)	when the patron enters a Barcode and PIN. When the patron is
	finished the window can be closed and thus not viewed by
	subsequent users of the terminal
SecureIDWidth	If SecureID=Y, these are used to determine the width and
For example: =800	height of the new browser window
SecureIDHeight	If above are 0 the browser window is appead as nor the
For example: =600	If above are 0 , the browser window is opened as per the previously used width (The maximize button is enabled)
ShareName	Required for WebConsole
For example:	
ShareName=	
APP:/AMLIBWEB/WEBQUERY	
SqlIniFile	This is the file path to where your SQL.ini file is located
(=\Amlib\NetOpacs)	

UserParamCode	User code - this is the one character code referring to a
For example: =a	particular NetOpacs instance (a set of NetOpac pages).
	Multiple instances can be stored in the Amlib database (up to
	26)
VirtualDir	This is the name of the virtual directory set up in IIS for your
For example: =amlibweb	NetOpacs
WebPicturesBase	Path for AMCAT images - this is the web directory from which
For example: =webpics	images may be copied and subsequently displayed. NetOpacs
	always shows a copy of the image - and never refers to the
	actual permanent file
WebPicturesBaseCopy	Path for AMCAT images to create temporary viewable images
For example:	(.JPGs). Because NetOpacs shows only copies of images it must
WebPicturesBaseCopy=	have a directory to which they can be copied
C:/Netopacs/amlibweb/webpics	
WeblconsPath	Path for icon files - this defines the directory in which icons
For example: =icons/	used in the design can be found
WebPics	This is the path for the Webpics folder
For example: = WebPics/	

APPENDIX 2: Compile Configuration File

The File that is used to compile the Netopacs sets the Keyword codes and Tags to browse so is VERY IMPORTANT to the success of the searches.

This configuration File is usually named **ItemResults.ini**, **ReserveOn.ini**, **ReserveOff.ini** or ***LibraryName*.ini**. In any case, it will be an .ini file located in the same directory as your .htm pages.

There are two ways of modifying this file – either directly editing the text in *Notepad*, or through the *Amlib* client in Main > Supervisor > WebParams – the <u>Web Opac Parameters</u> table

Editing With Notepad

It is possible to check or edit the Configuration file within the by editing the .ini file directly in *Notepad* (or *Notepad++*), For example check which Keyword codes are used to search when All Fields is selected. % indicates ALL Keywords but it may be more suitable to just search S (Subject), T (Title), N (Notes) and A (Author) so it is possible to replace the % with S,T,N,A

```
1 [NetOpacs]
     MainMenu=MainMenu.htm
     MarcList=MarcList.htm
     ReserveItem=Reserve.htm
     ReserveStats=512
     JoinOnline=JoinOnline.htm
     JoinOnlineStats=513
 8
     CatListXref=N
     AuthNote=AuthNotes.htm
9
10
     BookReview=BookReview.htm
11
     BookReviewStats=515
12
     ReadReview=ReadReviews.htm
13
     ReadReviewStats=514
    SearchTotal=16
14
15 [Search1]
16
     Type=Keyword Search
    SearchFile=AllFieldsKeyword.htm
17
18
    KeywordCodes=%
19
    Statistics=503
    | ItemListFile=ItemList.htm
20
21
     ItemsPerPage=20
22
     StockitemSort=STK KEY1,STK KEY2
23 LitemListOptions=MR
```

It will make it easier for you to read if you enter new lines between search types. The **[NetOpacs]** section at the top contains the general items for your *NetOpacs*:

- The name of the Main Menu template
- The Marc List template
- The Reserve template and statistics code
- The Join Online template
- Whether or not to allow an Items List page to cross reference at a Catalogue List page
- A template for Authority Notes
- The number of search items beneath it

Each search/page type will be in its own section – **[Search#]** – which will contain the same data as from the *NetOpacs* Setup screen earlier.

When you have edited the compilation .ini file, you then need to recompile the *NetOpacs* – see following section for more details.

